## SGCN draft list for 2025 South Dakota Wildlife Action Plan Revision

Common Name	Scientific Name	Federal Status <sup>a</sup>	State Status <sup>b</sup>	Global Rank <sup>c</sup>	State Rank <sup>d</sup>	SGCN Criterion <sup>e</sup>	Additional information re: SGCN criterion
BIRDS							
American Dipper	Cinclus mexicanus		Т	G5	S2	1	State threatened species
American Kestrel	Falco sparverius			G5	S4	3h	Formerly considered common, but showing population declines throughout its range; monitoring needed to continue monitoring trends and potential causes of declines.
American Goshawk	Accipiter atricapillus			G5	S2	3a	Depends on intact large forests of older growth, habitats that are unique or declining in SD
American Three- toed Woodpecker	Picoides dorsalis			G5	S2	3d	Depends on fire-generated habitats, disturbance regimes that no longer operate within historical range of variation
Baird's Sparrow	Centronyx bairdii			G4	S2	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range
Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus			G5	S4	3a	Depends on water quality to provide sufficient prey species
Black Tern	Chlidonias niger			G4	S3	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range
Black-billed Cuckoo	Coccyzus erythrophthalmus			G5	S4	3a	Depend on caterpillars as food resource, which are being impacted by increased pesticide use
Black-billed Magpie	Pica hudsonia			G5	S4	3a	Foraging habitats and diet make it susceptible to secondary poisoning and impacts of exposure to insecticides
Black-backed Woodpecker	Picoides arcticus			G5	S2	3d	Depends on fire-generated habitats, disturbance regimes that no longer operate within historical range of variation
Bobolink	Dolichonyx oryzivorus			G5	S4	2b	Species that is regionally or globally secure for which SD represents an important part of its remaining range; species projected to decline significantly

Buff-breasted Sandpiper	Calidris subruficollis	G4	SNR	3g	An Arctic breeder that uses grasslands as it migrates through the state enroute to South American wintering grounds. This species uses a relatively narrow migration corridor that includes South Dakota.  Considered of special concern in Canada and a Midwest SGCN
Burrowing Owl	Athene cunicularia	G4	S3	3d	Depends on presence of colonial burrowing rodents that are not present at the same abundance and distribution as during historical times
Chestnut-collared Longspur	Calcarius ornatus	G5	S4	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range
Chimney Swift	Chaetura pelagica	G4	S4	3a	Depends on presence of natural decay of trees for nesting cavities and loss of previous human-made structures previously used for nesting sites; an aerial insectivore experiencing steep population declines
Clark's Grebe	Aechmophorus clarkii	G5	S2	За	Depends on wetlands, a unique or declining habitat in SD
Ferruginous Hawk	Buteo regalis	G4	S3	3b	Complex habitat needs include diverse and abundant prey, open foraging habitats, and nesting near abundant prey
Franklin's Gull	Leucophaeus pipixcan	G5	S5	2b	South Dakota nesting habitats are marshes with relatively deep water. The state supports an important portion of the species' range. Also considered a USFWS bird of conservation concern in continental U.S.
Golden Eagle	Aquila chrysaetos	G5	S3	3b	Sensitive to disturbance at nest sites, including potential impacts of wind energy development
Grasshopper Sparrow	Ammodramus savannarum	G5	S4	2b	Regionally or globally secure species for which SD represents an important portion of range; species requires significant grassland acreage

Greater Prairie- Chicken	Tympanuchus cupido		G4	S4	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range
Greater Sage- Grouse	Centrocercus urophasianus		G3	S2	3a	Depends on sage-steppe habitat, a declining habitat in SD
Horned Lark	Eremophila alpestris		G5	S5	2b	Still considered a common species in most of its range, BBS data show a long-term decline for this grassland bird. SD represents an important portion of the species' remaining range in the central and northcentral U.S. states.
Hudsonian Godwit	Limosa haemastica		G4	SNR	3g	Breeds in arctic regions of Canada and Alaska. Alaskan breeders in particular migrate through and stopover in South Dakota during the spring, using shallow depressional wetlands, habitats that provide for the needs of a variety of game and nongame species. Including this species demonstrates global responsibility of states to help provide for the full lifecycle needs of migratory bird species. Also a USFWS bird of conservation concern in continental U.S.
Lark Bunting	Calamospiza melanocorys		G5	S5	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range.
Le Conte's Sparrow	Ammospiza leconteii		G5	S2	3a	Requires specific habitat types, such as wet meadows, marshes, springs, and fens
Least Tern	Sternula antillarum	E	G4	S3	1	State endangered species
Lewis's Woodpecker	Melanerpes lewis		G4	S2	3d	Depends on fire-generated habitats, disturbance regimes that no longer operate within historical range of variation
Loggerhead Shrike	Lanius Iudovicianus		G4	S3	3a	Depends on open areas with interspersed trees or shrubs, a unique or declining habitat in SD
Long-billed Curlew	Numenius americanus		G5	S3	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range

Marbled Godwit	Limosa fedoa			G5	S5	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range
Merlin	Falco columbarius			G5	S2	3a	Depends on availability of Black-billed Magpie nests, a declining species in SD
Osprey	Pandion haliaetus		Т	G5	S3	1	State threatened species
Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus		Т	G4	S1	1	State threatened species
Pinyon Jay	Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus			G3	S3	3a	Depends on low ponderosa pine woodlands interspersed with grassland, a rare or unique habitat in SD.
Piping Plover	Charadrius melodus	Т	Т	G3	S3	1	State and federal threatened species
Red-headed Woodpecker	Melanerpes erythrocephalus			G5	S5	3b	Depends on large dead trees in open areas. Snags, dead or dying trees allow to remain in place, provide nesting, roosting and wintering habitat for many wildlife species.
Rock Wren	Salpinctes obsoletus			G5	S4	3a	South Dakota is on the eastern edge of the species' range. Breeding habitats are rocky, sparsely-vegetated areas in arid areas, such as badlands, cliffs and canyons, which represent unique habitat types within the state.
Ruffed Grouse	Bonasa umbellus			G5	S4	3a	Depends on aspen, a unique or declining habitat in SD
Semipalmated Sandpiper	Caladris pusilla			G5	SNR	3a	Breeds in northern Canada and Alaska and migrates through the interior states enroute to coastal wintering habitats of Central and South America. Criterion 3: depends on a unique habitat in the state - suitable mudflats available during migration to provide small invertebrate prey needed for refueling
Short-eared Owl	Asio flammeus			G5	S3	3a	Depends on large areas of open grassland, unique or declining habitats in SD
Sprague's Pipit	Anthus spragueii			G3	S2	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range

Thick-billed Longspur	Rhynchophanes mccownii			G4	SH	2a	Although not documented during the SD Breeding Bird Atlas II project, species is considered rare throughout most of its range and listed as an SGCN in ND and NE.
Trumpeter Swan	Cygnus buccinator			G4	S3	2b	Regionally or globally secure species for which SD represents an important portion of range
Upland Sandpiper	Bartramia Iongicauda			G5	S5	2b	Increasingly rare on the fringes of its range, this species depends on short-statured grasslands. Population trend analyses show population declines within the state and the U.S.
Virginia's Warbler	Leiothlypis virginiae			G5	S2	3a	Reaches its northeasternmost distribution in the Black Hills of SD; depends on mountain mahogany shrublands, a habitat community type vulnerable to fire that could be monitored for climate change impacts.
Western Grebe	Aechmophorus occidentalis			<b>G</b> 5	S4	2b	Many natural heritage programs rank this species as S2 (imperiled) or S3 (vulnerable). Nesting cycle habitat needs represent the diverse array of wetlands found within the prairie pothole region. Also listed as a USFWS bird of conservation concern in continental U.S.
White-winged Junco	Junco hyemalis aikeni			G5T4	S4	2b	Regionally or globally secure subspecies for which SD represents an important portion of range
Whooping Crane	Grus americana	E	Е	G1	S1	1	State and federal endangered species
Willet	Tringa semipalmata			G5	S5	2b	Regionally or globally secure species for which SD represents an important portion of range
Wilson's Phalarope	Phalaropus tricolor			G5	S4	2b	Regionally or globally secure species for which SD represents an important portion of range
Yellow-billed Cuckoo	Coccyzus americanus			G5	S3	3h	Recent declines in North American BBS data due to unknown causes. Information or data needs – importance of South

							Dakota during migration and whether BBS data are accurately depicting population declines. Listed as an SGCN by many states.
MAMMALS							
Black-footed Ferret	Mustela nigripes	E	E	G1	S1	1	State and federal endangered species
Sautral	Tamiasciurus hudsonicus dakotensis			G5TNR	SNR	2b	Regionally or globally secure subspecies for which SD represents an important portion of range
Eastern Red Bat	Lasiurus borealis			G3	S3	3e	Limited in its ability to increase in population due to low reproductive rates
_	Poliocitellus franklinii			G5	S5	3a	Depends on tallgrass and mixed-grass prairies, habitats that are declining habitat in SD
Fringe-tailed Myotis	Myotis thysanodes pahasapensis			G4T3	S2	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range
Little Brown Bat (Little Brown Myotis)	Myotis lucifugus			G3	S3	3e	Limited in its ability to increase in population due to low reproductive rates and concentrates during multiple times of the year
Long-eared Myotis	Myotis evotis			G5	S1	2b	Several heritage programs have this listed as S3 vulnerable. Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of its eastern range. Maternity colonies are located on the ground instead of in standing trees/snags. BLM sensitive species.
Long-legged Myotis	Myotis volans			G4	S5	3e	Many heritage programs have this as S3 (vulnerable). 2023 mist net and acoustic surveys in Black Hills suggested declined presence. Limited in its ability to increase in population due to low reproductive rates. Species sensitive to WNS which makes them vulnerable. BLM sensitive species.
Northern Flying Squirrel	Glaucomys sabrinus			G5	S3	2b	Regionally or globally secure species for which SD represents an important portion of range

Northern Hoary Bat	Lasiurus cinereus			G3	S3	3e	Limited in its ability to increase in population due to low reproductive rates
Northern Long- eared Bat (Northern Myotis)	Myotis septentrionalis	E		G2	S2	1	Federal endangered species
Plains Spotted Skunk	Spilogale interrupta			G4T4	S3	3h	Need updated information on abundance and distribution; loss of small farms over time presumed to contribute to decline
Richardson's Ground Squirrel	Urocitellus richardsonii			G5	S5	2b	Regionally or globally secure species for which SD represents an important portion of range
Silver-haired Bat	Lasionycteris noctivagans			G3	S3	3e	Limited in its ability to increase in population due to low reproductive rates
Swift Fox	Vulpes velox		Т	G3	S3	1	State threatened species
Tricolored Bat	Perimyotis subflavus			G3	SNR	3e	Limited in its ability to increase in population due to low reproductive rates
Townsend's Big- eared Bat	Corynorhinus townsendii			G4	S2	3e	Limited in its ability to increase in population due to low reproductive rates and concentrates during multiple times of the year
White-tailed Jackrabbit	Lepus townsendii			G5	S4	2a	Occurs statewide and SD represents the eastern portion of its range; populations have been declining or been extirpated. S3 (vulnerable) in NE and IA. Extirpated in KS, MO, and IL. RSGCN - highly imperiled and sensitive to climate change.  Decreasing population trends (IUCN)
AMPHIBIANS AND	REPTILES						
Black Hills Redbelly Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata pahasapae			G5T4Q	S3	2b	Regionally or globally secure subspecies for which SD represents an important portion of range. MAFWA RSGCN.
Blanchard's Cricket Frog	Acris blanchardi			G5	S2	3f	Has a highly restricted distribution in parts of extreme southeastern SD
Cope's Gray Treefrog	Hyla chrysoscelis			G5	S2	3e	Requires fishless areas to survive, therefore low dispersal ability
Eastern Hognose Snake	Heterodon platirhinos		Т	G5	S2	1	State threatened species

Eastern Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera spinifera		G5	S3	3a	Depends on basking sites and nesting areas that are vulnerable to disturbance, destruction, and nest depredation. BLM sensitive species.
Great Plains Earless Lizard	Holbrookia maculata maculata		G5	S2	3a	Dependent on sandhill habitats and sparsely vegetated habitats, habitats that are unique or declining in SD
Great Plains Toad	Anaxyrus cognatus		G5	S5	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range. BLM sensitive species.
Greater Short- horned Lizard	Phrynosoma hernandesi		G5	S3	3a	Depends on short-statured grass ecosystems, including sagebrush and prairie dog burrows, habitats that are unique or declining in SD. BLM sensitive species.
Lined Snake	Tropidoclonion lineatum	E	G5	S2	1	State endangered species
Many-lined Skink	Plestiodon multivirgatus		G5	S2	3a	Dependent on areas with sandy soils or prairie dog towns, habitats that are unique or declining in SD
Midland Smooth Softshell	Apalone mutica mutica		G5	S3	3a	Depends on basking sites and nesting areas that are vulnerable to disturbance, destruction, and nest depredation
Milksnake	Lampropeltis gentilis		G5	S4	3h	Lampropeltis gentilis and not triangulum in NatureServe Biotics database. Need distributional data. SGCN in MN (S2), WY (S3), and CO (S4). BLM sensitive species.
Northern False Map Turtle	Graptemys pseudogeographica pseudogeographica	Т	G5T5	S3	1	State threatened species
Northern Prairie Skink	Plestiodon septentrionalis septentrionalis		G5T5	S5	3f	Midwest endemic subspecies with limited dispersal ability.
Northern Sagebrush Lizard			G5	S2	3a	Depends on sandy sites, blowouts, sagebrush, and areas of sparse vegetation, habitats that are unique or declining in SD.
Plains Hog-nosed Snake	Heterodon nasicus		G5	S5	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion

					of remaining range. BLM sensitive species. MAFWA RSGCN
Plains Spadefoot Toad	Spea bombifrons	G5	G5	3h	Difficult to survey because it is fossorial and only active during humid nights or after heavy rainfall, so records are scarce. Breeds in ephemeral water sources and requires loose soils for burrowing. SGCN in surrounding states. BLM sensitive species
Prairie Racerunner	Aspidoscelis sexlineata viridis	G5	S2	3a	Limited distribution in SD. Brumate in loose sandy soils, which are declining as agriculture increases in the state.
Smooth Greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis	G5	S3	3f	Listed as an SGCN in surrounding states; Black Hills and northeastern SD populations considered genetically distinct
Western (Ornate) Box Turtle	Terrapene ornata ornata	G5	S3	3a	Depends on sandhills and short-statured grass ecosystems in limited area within SD
Western Fox Snake	Pantherophis ramspotti	G5	S2	3f	Loss of hibernacula and riparian habitat in SD. Limited distribution in SD, which is at the western extent of its small (five states) United States range. MAFWA watchlist.
Wood Frog	Rana sylvatica	G5	S1	3a	Depends on prairie potholes in northeastern South Dakota, which are decreasing due to tile drainage. Heritage programs in southern portion of its range rank it as S3 (vulnerable). Southern populations of this species could decline due to climate change.
TERRESTRIAL INS	ECTS				
A Dieunomia Bee	Dieunomia triangulifera	G3	SU	3h	More information is needed to determine the life history, threats, habitat associations, and population trend of this species within the state.
A Leafcutter Bee	Megachile dakotensis	G2	SU	2a	Globally vulnerable Great Plains regional endemic species. Important to agriculture commerce as it pollinates crops, in particular alfalfa.

A Nomia Bee	Nomia universitatis		G3	SU	2a	Reliant on protected patches of remnant prairie which are declining in SD
American Bumble Bee	Bombus pensylvanicus		G3	SU	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled subspecies for which SD represents an important portion of its remaining range. Vulnerable with decreasing populations (IUCN) RSGCN with high stewardship priority. S2 (imperiled) in WY and CO.
American Burying Beetle	Nicrophorus americanus	Т	G3	S2	1	Federal threatened species
Beautiful Tiger Beetle	Cicindela pulchra pulchra		G4	SU	3a	Extremely limited distribution in SD S1 (critically imperiled). Associated with eroded Mowry or Belle Fourche Shale exposures.
Blue Shining Mason Bee	Osmia cyaneonitens		G3	SU	3f	Extremely limited distribution in SD. Decline of 30-70% in North America (NatureServe).
Carlinian Snapper Grasshopper	Circotettix carlinianus		G5	SU	3h	Species in need of information as know from only two specimens in SD.
Contrasting Spur- throat Grasshopper	Melanoplus discolor		G4	SU	3h	Known from only one site in SD. Associated with False Boneset ( <i>Brickellia eupatorioides</i> ) in the central Great Plains.
Dakota Skipper	Hesperia dacotae	Т	G2	S2	2a	Federal threatened species
Eastern Veined White	Pieris oleracea		G5	SNR	3a	Representative of stream habitats and moist deciduous woodlands of northeastern SD
Garita Skipperling	Oarisma garita		G4	SNR	3h	Although a wide-ranging species, declining in portions of range. Within the southeastern range boundary, ranked S1 in Ontario and S2 in MN and NE. Information and data needs to better understand current distribution and potential limiting factors.
Ghost Tiger Beetle (Little White Tiger Beetle)	Cicindela lepida		G3	S1	3a	Depends on blowout areas of sand dunes and sand beaches, habitats that are unique or declining in SD; limited distribution in SD

Great Plains Tiger Beetle	Amblycheila cylindriformis		G4	S1	3a	Extremely limited distribution in SD; depends on sand sage prairie, a unique or declining habitat in SD
Indian Creek Tiger Beetle	Cicindela nevadica makosika		G5T1	S1	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled subspecies for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range
Iowa Skipper	Atrytone arogos iowa		G3T2	S2	3a	Depends on a variety of prairie habitats, all of which are declining in SD
Krauth's Sulphur	Colias christina krauthii		G5TNR	SNR	3f	Subspecies limited to Black Hills of WY and SD and Bear Lodge Mountains of WY. Endemic subspecies with a highly localized distribution
Large Marble	Euchloe ausonides		G4	SNR	3h	Information or data needs. Recently petitioned for listing under the federal ESA. Subspecies <i>E.a. palaeoreios</i> occurs primarily in SD.
Long's Ruddy Copper	Tharsalea rubidus Iongi		G4TNR	SNR	2b	Subspecies limited to a region from central ND to NE and westward to eastern WY. Additional data would help determine subspecies' status. Uncommon in SD.
Marsh Firefly	Photinus aquilonius		GU	SU	3h	Wetland specialist. Development and loss of wetlands are known issues in eastern SD where the only record for this species was recorded. IUCN data deficient species.
Monarch	Danaus plexippus	С	G4	SNR	2a	Global decline led to designation as federal candidate species. Global rank last reviewed in 2015. The northern Great Plains, including SD, provides summer breeding and stopover habitat for this migratory species. Loss of habitat and pesticides are known issues in SD.
Morrison Bumble Bee	Bombus morrisoni		G3	SU	3h	Vulnerable and decreasing populations (IUCN). Possibly extirpated in NE. S2 (Imperiled) in WY and S3 (Vulnerable) in CO.
Mottled Duskywing	Erynnis martialis		G3	SNR	3d	A species of eastern North America that has experienced declines in many parts of its range. Restricted in SD to high

					limestone areas of northern Black Hills. Extirpation in many eastern states may make western populations important to maintaining long-term viability. Information needs regarding impact of fire suppression and extent and health of existing populations.
Mountain Lady Beetle	Coccinella monticola	GNR	SU	3h	Species in need of information. Only known from one location in SD but has potential to occur statewide.
Nine-spotted Lady Beetle	Coccinella novemnotata	G5	SU	2b	Species potentially extirpated in the eastern US with only known occurrences within the western US. Important for agricultural commerce as it controls crop pests. S1 (Critically Imperiled) in NE.
Northern Sedge Grasshopper	Stethophyma gracile	G5	SU	3f	Extremely limited distribution in SD. Occurs in sedge wetlands in the Black Hills.
Northern Yellow Bumble Bee	Bombus fervidus	G3	SU	3h	Vulnerable and decreasing populations (IUCN). Late emerging species, which puts it more at risk due to agriculture and mowing.
Occidental Digger Bee	Anthophora occidentalis	G3	SU	3h	Species in need of information. Depends on grasslands and range badlands, which are declining in SD. Threatened by wildfire suppression and alteration of the hydrologic regime.
Ottoe Skipper	Hesperia ottoe	G3	S2	3a	Depends on mid- to tall-statured grass ecosystems, which are declining in SD
Pahasapa Fritillary	Speyeria atlantis pahasapa	G5T3	S2	3a	Extremely limited distribution in SD; believed to be associated with beaver ponds, which are reduced from historical times
Pahaska Skipper	Hesperia pahaska	G5	SNR	3h	Significant information or data needs to better understand status and distribution. Limited to shortgrass prairie habitats and foothills of western SD. Considered rare in western NE, where it was formerly more abundant.

Poweshiek Skipperling	Oarisma poweshiek	Е	G1	SX	1	Federal endangered species
Regal Fritillary	Speyeria idalia		G3	S3	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of remaining range. Being considered for federal listing under ESA
Robust Sunflower Leafcutter Bee	Megachile fortis		G2	SU	2a	Extremely limited distribution in SD; associated with grasslands and forests.
Rocky Mountain Sprinkled Locust	Chloealtis abdominalis		G5	SU	3f	Extremely limited distribution in SD.
Sagebrush Buck Moth	Hemileuca hera		G5	SU	3f	Extremely limited distribution in SD. Reliant on plant hosts that occur in extreme western SD on valley floors and upland plains. S1 (Critically Imperiled) in NE.
Sandy Tiger Beetle	Cicindela limbata nympha		G5T4	S4	3f	Extremely limited distribution in SD; depends on sandy dunes and sandy areas away from water, habitats that are unique or limited in SD
Southern Plains Bumble Bee	Bombus fraternus		G3	SU	3h	RSGCN. Decreasing population trends (IUCN). SGCN in NE.
Southwestern Dusky Grasshopper	Encoptolophus subgracilis		G5	SU	3f	Extremely limited distribution in SD Associated with alkaline and sale flats in SD. S1 (Critically Imperiled) In NE.
Spiny-legged Leafcutter Bee	Megachile dentitarsus		G3	SU	3h	Species in need of information. Only ranked by AZ as possibly extirpated.
Suckley's Cuckoo Bumble Bee	Bombus suckleyi		G2	SU	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of its remaining range. Declining populations (IUCN). SGCN in NE. Social parasite dependent on other Bombus spp.
Tawny Crescent	Phyciodes batesii		G3	S1	2a	Ranked as S1 in NE, S2 in MT and CO and S3 in ND and MN. Midwest RSGCN.
Western Bumble Bee	Bombus occidentalis		G3	SU	2a	Regionally or globally imperiled species for which SD represents an important portion of its remaining eastern range. Ten heritage programs have this species ranked as either S1 (Critically Imperiled), S2 (Imperiled) or S3 (Vulnerable). USFS sensitive species. Vulnerable with

						decreasing populations according to IUCN. SGCN in NE.
Variable Tiger Beetle	Parvindela terricola		G5	SU	3f	Limited to distribution in SD within wet alkaline areas in SD with sparse vegetation.
Yellow-banded Bumble Bee	Bombus terricola		G3	SU	3h	High-elevation species in boreal ecozone. RSGCN with high concern, core populations in Midwest, and stewardship priority. Vulnerable with decreasing populations (IUCN).
GASTROPODS						
Callused Vertigo	Vertigo arthuri		G5	SU	3h	Limited to the Black Hills; more information needed
Cooper's Rocky Mountainsnail	Oreohelix strigosa cooperi		G3	SU	2a	Limited to the Black Hills; more information needed
Frigid Ambersnail	Catinella gelida		G1	SU	3h	Limited to the Black Hills; more information needed
Mystery Vertigo	Vertigo paradoxa		G4	SU	3h	Limited to the Black Hills; more information needed
Striate Disc	Discus shimekii		G5	SU	3h	Limited to the Black Hills in Aspen stands; more information needed. Presumed extirpated in NE, IA, KS, and MO. S1 (Critically Imperiled) in MT and S3 (Vulnerable) in WY.
FISHES		'				
Banded Killifish	Fundulus diaphanus	Е	G5	S1	1	State endangered species
Blacknose Shiner	Notropis heterolepis	E	G5	S1	1	State endangered species
Blackside Darter	Percina maculata		G5	S3	3d	Depends on ecological processes, such as natural flood regimes and reduced beaver ponds and dams, that no longer operate within the historical range of variation
Blue Catfish	Ictalurus furcatus		G5	S5	3b	Require large home ranges/use multiple habitats with documented declines due to the fragmentation of the Missouri River due to the construction of impoundments
Blue Sucker	Cycleptus elongatus		G3	S3	3d	Depends on ecological processes, such as natural flood regimes and free-flowing

						Missouri River, that no longer operate within the historical range of variation
Burbot	Lota lota		G5	S5	3h	Requires additional information and monitoring to assess status; listed as an SGCN by surrounding states (IA, ND, NE, WY)
Carmine Shiner	Notropis percobromus		G5	S2	3f	Have a highly localized or restricted distribution in SD in areas within specific habitat types, such as large, clear, swift streams and small rivers with rocky or gravel substrates
Central Mudminnow	Umbra limi		G5	S1	3f	Have a highly localized or restricted distribution in SD in areas within specific habitat types, such as cool, slow-moving streams and backwaters with dense aquatic vegetation
Finescale Dace	Chrosomus neogaeus	E	G5	S1	1	State endangered species
Flathead Chub	Platygobio gracilis		G5	S5	2a	Species imperiled regionally or globally; SD represents important part of remaining range; listed as SGCN by surrounding states (MN, IA, ND, NE, WY); also a Midwest Regional SGCN
Hornyhead Chub	Nocomis biguttatus		G5	S3	3f	Limited distribution in SD. Have a highly localized or restricted distribution in SD in areas withing species habitat types, such as backwaters of low-to-moderate gradient streams with aquatic vegetation, clear water, and clean gravel, rubble, or sand substrates
Lake Chub	Couesius plumbeus		G5	S1	3f	Have a highly localized or restricted distribution in SD on southern periphery of species' range
Lake Sturgeon	Acipenser fulvescens		G3	S2	3b	Require large home ranges/use multiple habitats with documented declines due to the fragmentation due to the construction of dams on tributaries needed for spawning; listed as a SGCN in adjoining states (MN, IA, NE); also a Midwest Regional SGCN

Logperch	Percina caprodes			G5	S2	3d	Depends on ecological processes, such as natural flood regimes and reduced beaver ponds and dams, that no longer operate within the historical range of variation
Longnose Sucker	Catostomus catostomus		Т	G5	S2	1	State threatened species
Mountain Sucker	Catostomus platyrhynchus			G5	S3	3e	Depends on habitats in Black Hills that have many potential threats from mining, agricultural practices, and forest management; considered vulnerable to climate change; and are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates.
Northern Pearl Dace	Margariscus nachtriebi		Т	G5	S2	1	State threatened species
Northern Redbelly Dace	Chrosomus eos		Т	G5	S3	1	State threatened species
Paddlefish	Polyodon spathula			G4	S4	3b	Require large home ranges/use multiple habitats with documented declines due to the fragmentation of the Missouri River due to the construction of impoundments
Pallid Sturgeon	Scaphirhynchus albus	E	E	G2	S2	1	State and federal threatened species
Plains Topminnow	Fundulus sciadicus			G4	S4	2a	Species imperiled regionally or globally; SD represents important part of remaining range; additional information needed
Sauger	Sander canadensis			G5	S5	3d	Depends on ecological processes, such as natural flood regimes and free-flowing Missouri River, that no longer operate within the historical range of variation; species has large home range and low dispersal ability within impounded Missouri River
Shovelnose Sturgeon	Scaphirhynchus platorynchus	Т		G4	S3	1	Federal threatened species
Sicklefin Chub	Macrhybopsis meeki		Е	G3	S1	1	State endangered species
Southern Redbelly Dace	Chrosomus erythrogaster			G5	S1	3e	Limited distribution in SD, which is the northwestern periphery of the species'

							range; are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates
Sturgeon Chub	Macrhybopsis gelida		Т	G3	S3	1	State threatened species
Topeka Shiner	Notropis topeka	E		G3	S3	1	Federal endangered species
Trout-perch	Percopsis omiscomaycus			G5	S2	3h	Fairly limited distribution in SD; with significant information or data needs
FRESHWATER MU	JSSELS						
Black Sandshell	Ligumia recta			G4	S2	3e	Are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates; Limited distribution in SD, which is on the western edge of the species' range
Creek Heelsplitter	Lasmigona compressa			<b>G</b> 5	S2	3e	Are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates; Considered rare and limited in SD, which is on the western periphery of the species' range
Elktoe	Alasmidonta marginata			G4	S1	3e	Are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates; Considered rare and limited in SD, which is on the western periphery of the species' range
Flat Floater	Utterbackiana suborbiculata			G5	S1	3h	Not detected in mussel surveys in SD since the late 1990s; have significant information or data needs
Hickorynut	Obovaria olivaria			G4	S1	3e	Are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates; Considered rare and limited in SD, which is on the northern periphery of the species' range
Higgins Eye	Lampsilis higginsii	E		G1	S1	1	Federal endangered species
Mapleleaf	Quadrula quadrula			G5	S2	3e	Are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates; Considered rare in SD, which is on the western periphery of the species' range

Pimpleback	Quadrula pustulosa		G5	S2	3e	Are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates; Considered rare and limited in SD, which is on the western periphery of the species' range
Rock Pocketbook	Arcidens confragosus		G4	S1	3e	Are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates; Considered rare and limited in SD, which is on the northern periphery of the species' range
Scaleshell	Leptodea leptodon	E	G1	S1	1	Federal endangered species
Yellow Sandshell	Lampsilis teres		G5	S2	3e	Are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates; Considered rare and limited in SD, which is on the northern periphery of the species' range
CRUSTACEANS						
Calico Crayfish	Orconectes immunis		G5	SNR	3h	SGCN in WY and IA. SD is within the western portion of the species' range. Has significant information or data needs.
Devil Crayfish	Cambarus diogenes		G5	SNR	3h	SGCN in WY and IA. SD is within the western portion of the species' range. Has significant information or data needs.
Ringed Crayfish	Faxonius neglectus		G5	SNR	3h	MAFWA Watchlist. SGCN in WY. SD is on the northern periphery of the species' range. Has significant information or data needs.
Virile Crayfish	Orconectes virilis		G5	SNR	3h	Vulnerable (S3) in ND. SGCN in IA. SD is central to their range. Has significant information or data needs.
AQUATIC INSECT	S					
A Small Square- gilled Mayfly	Sparbarus nasutus		G3	SNR	3h	Several heritage programs rank it as S1 (Critically Imperiled). MAFWA RSGCN. Has significant information or data needs.
Dakota Stone	Perlesta dakota		G3	SNR	2a	Species imperiled regionally or globally; SD represents important part of remaining range
Dot-winged Baskettail	Epitheca petechialis		G4	SNR	3h	More information needed; SD is on the northern periphery of the species' range

Elusive Clubtail	Stylurus notatus	G3	SNR	3h	More information needed; SD is on the western periphery of the species' range
Extraordinary Bow- legged Minnow Mayfly	Analetris eximia	G3	SNR	3h	More information needed; SD is on the eastern periphery of the species' range
Fox Small Square- gilled Mayfly	Cercobrachys fox	G3	SNR	3h	MAFWA RSGCN. SGCN in WI. SD is on the western periphery of the species' range. Has significant information or data needs.
Plains Emerald Dragonfly	Somatochlora ensigera	G4	SNR	2b	Northern Great Plains endemic. State endangered in Indiana. SGCN in IA. MAFWA RSGCN. SD is on the southern portion of the species' range.
Riverine Clubtail	Stylurus amnicola	G4	SNR	3h	Many heritage databases rank it as S1, S2, S3, or possibly extirpated. MAFWA RSGCN. SD is on the western periphery of the species' range. Has significant information or data needs.
White Sand-river Mayfly	Pseudiron centralis	G5	SNR	3h	Several heritage programs rank it as Imperiled (S2) and Critically Imperiled (S1). MAFWA RSGCN. SD is within western portion of species' range. Has significant information or data needs.
White Small Minnow Mayfly	Centroptilum album	G5	SNR	3h	MAFWA RSGCN. Vulnerable (S3) in WI and IN. Has significant information or data needs. <i>Anafroptilum album</i> on NatureServe.
PLANTS					
Autumn Willow	Salix serissima	G5	S1	3a	Indicative of unique habitat type and disjunct population
Barr's Milkvetch	Astragalus barrii	G3	S3	2a	Rare regional endemic species
Big Sagebrush	Artemisia tridentata	G5	SNR	3a	Species not considered rare, but ecosystem supports several rare animal species found on periphery of their range in SD
Bloodroot	Sanguinaria canadensis	G5	S4?	3a	Representative of a unique habitat type – eastern hardwood forests. Disjunct population in the Black Hills

Blue Cohosh	Caulophyllum thalictroides		G5	S3	3a	Indicative of deciduous forests, a unique habitat type in SD
Colorado Birchleaf Mountain- mahogany	Cercocarpus montanus		G5	S3	3a	Indicative of mountain mahogany shrubland, a unique habitat in SD
Compass Plant	Silphium laciniatum		G5	S3	3a	Depends on tallgrass prairie, a declining habitat in SD
Dakota Buckwheat	Eriogonum visheri		G3	S3	2a	Globally vulnerable Great Plains regional endemic species
Downy Gentian	Gentiana puberulenta		G4	S4?	3a	Occurs in prairies of eastern SD and disjunct in the Black Hills. An indicator species of sensitive grasslands in the Black Hills
Elegant Sedge	Carex bella		G5	S1	3f	Relies on moist subalpine meadows, a specific Black Hills habitat type
Fendler's Whitethorn	Ceanothus fendleri		G5	S2	3f	Highly localized or restricted distribution; known from only one area in Black Hills
Giant Helleborine (Stream Orchid)	Epipactis gigantea		G4	S1	3а	Disjunct population occurs in warm springs of southern Black Hills; classified as a Forest Service Region 2 sensitive species. Habitat type also supports <i>Eleocharis rostellata</i> and <i>Adiantum capillus-veneris</i> .
Kalm's Lobelia	Lobelia kalmii		G5	S2	3a	Indicative of calcareous fens, a unique and potentially declining habitat in SD
Leedy's Roseroot	Rhodiola integrifolia ssp. leedyi	Т	G5T1	S1	1	Federal threatened species
Loesel's Twayblade	Liparis loeselii		G5	S1	3a	Indicative of a unique and potentially declining habitat in SD
Long-leaved Lousewort	Pedicularis procera		G4	S2	3f	Has a highly localized distribution in SD
Marsh Marigold	Caltha palustris		G5	SNR	3a	Indicative of wet meadows, a unique or declining habitat in SD
Mountain Huckleberry	Vaccinium membranaceum		G5	S2	3d	Species with characteristics that makes it vulnerable: potential susceptibility to climate change, particularly prolonged drought
Nodding Trillium	Trillium cernuum		G5	S2	3a	Depends on maple-basswood forest, a unique habitat in SD

Paper Birch/ Hazel Forest	Beaked Hazel (Corylus cornuta) as representative species	G2	SNR	3f	A forest community type found in dry riparian areas at higher elevations of the Black Hills. Paper birch is an important cover component (at least 50%), with beaked hazel dominating tall shrub layers.
Prairie Dunewort	Botrychium campestre	G3	S2	2a	Threatened by habitat conversion and extreme drought.
Prairie Violet	Viola pedatifida	G5	SNR	3a	Indicative of tallgrass and upland prairies, declining habitats in SD
Quaking Aspen	Populus tremuloides	G5	SNR	3a	Although widely distributed across North America, this species represents an important wildlife habitat type in the Black Hills.
Rydberg's Twinpod	Physaria brassicoides	G5	S3	2a	Species imperiled regionally or globally; SD represents important part of remaining range
Sage Willow	Salix candida	G5	S1	3a	Represents fens, a unique habitat in SD
Sand Lovegrass	Eragrostis trichodes	G5	S4	3а	Indicative of sandhilll prairies and Missouri River sand dunes, unique or declining habitats in SD
Sand Sagebrush	Artemisia filifolia	G5	SNR	3a	Species represents Sand Sagebrush Steppe plant community; within SD, community type found primarily in southwestern counties
Silver-mounded Candleflower	Cryptantha cana	G5	S2	2a	Species imperiled regionally or globally; SD represents important part of remaining range
Small-flower Sand- verbena (Sand Puffs)	Tripterocalyx micranthus	G5	S1	3а	NatureServe's global rank needs review (1991); ranked S1 in SD, NE and KS. Indicative of a unique habitat type in SD – sand prairie/river valley of Missouri Plateau complexes within grasslands
Small Fringed Gentian	Gentianopsis procera	G5	S2	3a	Indicative of wet meadows and calcareous fens and springs, unique or declining habitats in SD
Small White Lady's- slipper	Cypripedium candidum	G4	S1	3a	Depends on tallgrass prairie, a declining habitat in SD

Smooth Goosefoot	Chenopodium subglabrum		G3	S2	3a	Similar to Small-flower Sand-verbena, this species represents sand prairie habitat, a unique habitat type in SD
Snow Trillium	Trillium nivale		G4	S2	3a	Depends on wetland forests of southeastern SD, a unique habitat in SD
Trailing Clubmoss (also known as groundcedar)	Lycopodium complanatum		G5	S2	3a	Indicative of moist woodlands within white spruce and paper birch/hazelnut plant communities. FS Region 2 sensitive species.
Two-form Pussytoes (also known as Low Pussytoes)	Antennaria dimorpha		G5	S1	3a	SD and NE on eastern periphery of species' range; ranked S1 in both states. Representative of dry meadow habitats in Black Hills.
Western Porcupinegrass (formerly Canadian Needlegrass)	Hesperostipa curtiseta (formerly Stipa curtiseta)		G5	SNR	3a	South Dakota lies on the southern periphery of this species' range. Rare in the Black Hills and representative of the Black Hills Montane Grassland Plant Community, a community type endemic to the Hills of SD and WY and considered globally imperiled.
Western Prairie Fringed Orchid	Platanthera praeclara	Т	G3	SH	1	Federal threatened species
White Spruce/Grouseberry Forest ( <i>Pinus</i>	Grouseberry (Vaccinium scoparium) as representative species		G5	SNR	3а	This understory species can form extensive colonies in alpine and subalpine meadows. Found in the northern Black Hills with spruce, birch or pine in areas similar to twinflower, but typically in drier sites. Representative of a unique habitat type – White Spruce/Grouseberry Forest.
Spruce/Twinflower	Twinflower ( <i>Linnaea</i> borealis) as representative species		G5	SNR	3a	A creeping or trailing component of dense coniferous forests from 6,000 – 10,000 feet in elevation. Occurs in moister stands of white spruce forest in the Black Hills. Representative of a unique habitat type – White Spruce/Twinflower Forest.
Woolly Milkweed	Asclepias Ianuginosa		G4	S2	3a	Depends on native prairie in eastern SD, a habitat much reduced from historical times

## Acronyms used:

BBS Breeding Bird Survey

BLM Bureau of Land Management

ESA Endangered Species Act (federal law)

IUCN International Union for Conservation of Nature

MAFWA Midwest Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies

RSGCN regional species of greatest conservation need

SGCN species of greatest conservation need

USFS U.S. Forest Service

USFWS U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

<sup>a</sup> Federal Status - E= Endangered, a species in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range; T = Threatened, a species likely to become endangered in the foreseeable future; C = Candidate for federal listing

<sup>b</sup> State Status - E= Endangered, a species in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range in South Dakota; T = Threatened, a species likely to become endangered in the foreseeable future in South Dakota

<sup>c, d</sup> Global/State Rank Definition (applied rangewide for global rank and statewide for state rank; these may change with new information)

G1 S1 = Critically imperiled because of extreme rarity (5 or fewer occurrences or very few remaining individuals or acres) or because of some factor(s) making it especially vulnerable to extinction.

G2 S2 = Imperiled because of rarity (6 to 20 occurrences or few remaining individuals or acres) or because of some factor(s) making it very vulnerable to extinction throughout its range.

G3 S3 = Either very rare and local throughout its range or found locally (even abundantly at some of its locations) in a restricted range, or vulnerable to extinction throughout its range because of other factors; in the range of 21 of 100 occurrences.

G4 S4 = Apparently secure, though it may be quite rare in parts of its range, especially at the periphery. Cause for long term concern.

G5 S5 = Demonstrably secure, though it may be quite rare in parts of its range, especially at the periphery.

GU SU = Possibly in peril, but status uncertain, more information needed.

GH SH = Historically known, may be rediscovered.

GX SX = Believed extinct, historical records only.

GNR SNR = Not yet ranked or not ranked at the state level because species is not monitored by SD Natural Heritage Program

\_T = Rank of subspecies or variety

\_Q = Taxonomic status is questionable, rank may change with taxonomy

SP = Potential exists for occurrence in the state, but no occurrences

SR = Element reported for the state but no persuasive documentation

eSGCN Criteria -

1 = State or federally listed species for which the state has a mandate for recovery (listed as threatened or endangered);

2a = Species that are regionally or globally imperiled\* and for which South Dakota represents an important portion of their remaining range;

2b = Species that are regionally or globally secure\* and for which South Dakota represents an important portion of their remaining range; or

3a - 3h =Species with characteristics that make them vulnerable, including any of the following:

- 3a are indicative of or depend on a unique or declining habitat or resource in South Dakota;
- 3b require large home ranges/use multiple habitats;
- 3c depend on large habitat patch sizes;
- 3d depend on an ecological process (such as fire) that no longer operates within the historical range of variation;
- 3e are limited in their ability to recover on their own due to low dispersal ability or low reproductive rates;
- 3f have a highly localized or restricted distribution (endemics);
- 3g concentrate their populations during some time of the year; or
- 3h have significant information or data needs

https://www.natureserve.org/nsexplorer/about-the-data/statuses/conservation-status-categories

<sup>\*\*</sup>Based, in part, on NatureServe conservation status ranking: